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# A. INTRODUCTION

#### 1. Congratulations!!

Thank you for purchasing TPI brand products. The meter is easy to use and is built to last. It is backed by a 3 year limited warranty. Please remember to complete and return your product warranty registration card.

#### 2. Product Description

The 135 is a hand held manual ranging DMM. It features extra large numerals on the LCD, and Data Hold for all functions and ranges. The 135 is an affordable choice offering measurements in all of the basic electrical functions.

The 135 comes complete with the following:

135 Instrument Rubber Boot Test Lead Set Instruction Manual Battery

#### 3. EC Declaration of Conformity

This is to certify that model 135 conforms to the protection requirements of the council directive 89/336/EEC, in the approximation of laws of the member states relating to Electromagnetic compatibility and 73/23/EEC, The Low Voltage Directive by application of the following standards:

EN 50081-1	1992 Emissions Standard
EN 50082-1	1992 Immunity Standard
EN61010-1	1993 Safety Standard
EN61010-2-031	1995 Safety Standard

To ensure conformity with these standards, this instrument must be operated in accordance with the instructions and specifications given in this manual.

#### **CAUTION:**

Even though this instrument complies with the immunity standards, the accuracy can be affected by strong radio emissions not covered in the above standards. Sources such as hand held radio transceivers, radio and TV transmitters, vehicle radios and cellular phones generate electromagnetic radiation that could be induced into the test leads of this instrument. Care should be taken to avoid such situations or alternatively, check to make sure that the instrument is not being influenced by these emissions.

# **B. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

A WARNING: Please follow manufacturers test procedures whenever possible. Do not attempt to measure unknown voltages or components until a complete understanding of the circuit is obtained.

#### **GENERAL GUIDELINES**

#### <u>ALWAYS</u>

- Test the 135 before using it to make sure it is operating properly.
- Inspect the test leads before using to make sure there are no breaks or shorts.
- Double check all connections before testing.
- Have someone check on you periodically if working alone.
- Have a complete understanding of circuit being measured.
- Disconnect power to circuit, then connect test leads to the 135, then to circuit being measured.

#### <u>NEVER</u>

- Attempt to measure unknown high voltages.
- Attempt to measure current with the meter in parallel to the circuit.
- Connect the test leads to a live circuit before setting up the instrument.
- Touch any exposed metal part of the test lead assembly.

# **INTERNATIONAL SYMBOLS**

- A CAUTION: RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK  $\sim$  ac (alternating current)
- ---- DC (DIRECT CURRENT)
- A REFER TO INSTRUCTION MANUAL
- 🛨 GROUND
- 🖶 FUSE
- DOUBLE INSULATION
- $(\Box)$ **ON/OFF, PUSH BUTTON SWITCH**

# C. TECHNICAL DATA

# 1. Features and Benefits

Safety	Meets CE and IEC 1010 requirements. UL Listed to U.S. and Canadian Safety Standards.
Large LCD	Easy to read at all angles and the majority of lighting levels. 4000 Count
Rubber Boot	Added protection when the instrument is dropped. (135NB does not include boot.)
Multi-function	Measure all electrical characteristics with one meter.

## 2. Product Applications

Perform the following tests and/or measurements with the TPI 135 and the appropriate function:

## HVAC/R

#### **FUNCTION**

DCmV	<ul> <li>Thermocouples in furnaces or gas applications.</li> </ul>
ACA	• Heat anticipator current in thermostats.
ACV	Line voltage.
ACV or DCV	Control circuit voltage.
CAP	Motor start and run capacitance.
DCµA	Flame safeguard control current.
OHMS	• Heating element resistance (continuity).
OHMS	Compressor winding resistance.
OHMS	Contactor and relay coil resistance.
OHMS	Continuity of wiring.
DCmV	• Temperature with optional temperature adapter (A310).

#### ELECTRICAL

DCV

<b>FUNCTION</b>	
ACV	Measure line voltage.
OHMS	Continuity of circuit breakers.

• Voltage of direct drive DC motors.

# 3. Specifications

CE IEC 1010 Over Voltage: CAT II - 1000V

CAT III - 600V

Pollution Degree 2

a. DCV						
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Impedance			
400mV	0.1mV	±0.5% of reading,	10MΩ			
4V	0.001V	±2 digits				
40V	0.01V					
400V	0.1V					
1000V	1V					

b. ACV (60Hz to 400Hz)					
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Impedance		
400mV	0.1mV	±0.8% of reading,	10MΩ		
		±3 digits			
<u>4</u> V	0.001V				
40V	0.01V				
400V	0.1V				
750V	1V				

c. DCA			
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection
<u>40µ</u> A	0.1µA	±0.5% of reading,	Fuse*
<u>400µA</u>	0.001mA	±3 digits	F600V, 2A, 31CM
<u>40mA</u>	0.01mA		
<u>400mA</u>	0.1mA		
<u>2</u> A	0.1mA		
10A	0.01A	±1.2% of reading,	Fuse*
		±3 digit	F600V, 10A, 31CM

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\*Warning: Use only correct size, voltage and current rated fuses. Test Leads: Use only correct type and overvoltage category rating.

d. ACA							
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection				
40µA	0.1µA	±0.8% of reading,	Fuse*				
400µA	0.001mA	±3 digits	F600V, 2A, 31CM				
40mA	0.01mA						
400mA	0.1mA						
2A	0.001A						
<u>10A</u>	0.01A	± 3% of reading, ± 7 digits	Fuse* F600V, 10A, 31CM				
e OHN	l (Resistan						
G. OIIIV							
Hange	Kesolution	Accuracy	Overload Protection				
40052	0.112	±0. 75% of reading,					
$\frac{4KS2}{40kO}$		±5 uigits	AU PEAK				
40852	0.01k2	-					
400KS2 4MO	0.1K22						
40MO	0.00110152	+1% of reading +3 digits	-				
4010122	0.0110122						
f. Diod	f. Diode Test						
Test Voltag	e Max Te	st Current Over Load Protec	tion				
<u>3V</u>	Appro	ox. 1mA 600 V DC or F	Peak AC				
g. Cont	inuity Buzz	zer					
Test Voltag	e Thresh	old Over Load Protec	tion				
3V	<100	600 V DC or F	Peak AC				
h. Capa	acitance						
Range	Resolution	Accuracy	<b>Overload Protection</b>				
<u>400µ</u> F	0.01µF	±2% of reading, ±3 digits	600V DC or				
<u>20000µ</u> F	0.1µF	±3% of reading, ±5 digits	Peak AC				
i Conoral Specifications							
Power Supr		Gattons					
Battery Life	<u>Jiy 8</u>	60 hrs. Alkaline					
Size (H x L	x W) 3	33mm x 86mm x 187mm					
Weight	)	1.3″ x 3.4" x 7.4") 840g (12 gz)					

Test Leads: Use only correct type and overvoltage category rating.

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# D. MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES

#### 1. Controls and Functions:

#### Push Buttons

( ) Turns the 135 on and off.

Data-H Activates the Data Hold function.

#### **Rotary Switch**

- **DCV** Used for measurement of DC Volts. Select the best range for the voltage to be measured.
- **ACV** Used for measurement of AC Volts. Select the best range for the voltage to be measured.
- **DCA** Used for measurement of DC Amps. Select the best range for the current to be measured.
- ACA Used for measurement of AC Amps. Select the best range for the current to be measured.
- **OHM** Used for measurement of Resistance, Diode Test and Continuity Buzzer. Select the best range for the resistance to be measured.
- **CAP** Used for measurement of Capacitance Select the best range for the capacitance to be measured.

#### Input Jacks

- A Red test lead connection for current measurements on the 2 and 10 ACA and DCA functions.
- **-Ιξ mAµA** Red test lead connection for current measurement on the mA and µA DCA and ACA functions.
- **COM** Black test lead connection for all functions.
- **V** $\Omega$ **→** Red test lead connection for OHM, DCV and ACV functions.

#### 2. Step by Step Procedures:

# a. Measuring DC Volts

#### <u>CAUTION!</u>

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement if a test lead is plugged in the A or µmA input jack. Instrument damage and/or personal injury may result.

A <u>WARNING!</u>

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement of more than 1000V or of a voltage level that is unknown.

Instrument set-up:						
FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING		
DCV	СОМ	VΩ►	0.1mV	1000V		

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- 3 Plug red test lead into  $V_{\Omega} \rightarrow$  input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch on the 135 to the desired range in the **DCV** function depending on the voltage to be measured.
- 5. Connect test leads to circuit to be measured.
- 6. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 7. Read the voltage on the 135.

#### **Application Notes**

When measuring DC Voltage of a battery, the most accurate reading can be attained by testing the battery under load. To accomplish this, follow steps 1 through 4 above and the following (with the battery in holder and device turned on):

- Connect the red test lead from the meter to the positive (+) terminal of the battery.
- Connect the black test lead to the negative (-) terminal of the battery.
- Reconnect power to the circuit and read the voltage on the 135.

#### b. Measuring AC Volts

#### CAUTION!

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement if a test lead is plugged in the A or µmA input jack. Instrument damage and/or personal injury may result.

#### A <u>WARNING!</u>

Do not attempt to make a voltage measurement of more than 1000V or of a voltage level that is unknown.

Instrument set-up:						
FUNCTION	FUNCTION BLACK RED MINIMUM MAXIMUM Test lead test lead reading reading					
ACV	COM	VΩ➔	0.1mV	750V		

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# Application Notes

Disconnect power from the terminal block, find the fuse or circuit breaker that controls the block and turn it off.

Set up the meter following the steps under "Measurement Procedure" on page 13. Then proceed with the following:

- Connect the red test lead to the hot side of the block and the black lead to the neutral side of the block. Reconnect power to the block and read the voltage on the meter. The reading should be approximately 110V to 130V.
- Disconnect power from the block and move the red wire to ground. Reconnect power to the block and read the voltage on the meter. Typically less than 20V should exist from neutral to ground. If 110V or above exists, the block may be wired incorrectly.

# b. Measuring AC Volts (cont.) Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into COM input jack.
- 3. Plug red test lead into  $V\Omega \rightarrow$  input jack.
- Set the rotary switch on the 135 to the desired range in the ACV function depending on the voltage to be measured.
- 5. Connect test leads to circuit to be measured.
- 6. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 7. Read the voltage on the 135.

#### c. Measuring DC Amps

#### **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to make a current measurement with the test leads connected in parallel with the circuit to be tested. Test leads must be connected in series with the circuit.

#### A WARNING!

Do not attempt to make a current measurement of circuits with more than 600V present. Instrument damage and/or personal injury may result.

Instrument set-up:							
FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING			
DCA	COM	mAμA	0.1µA	1.999A			
(up to 2mA	(up to 2mA range)						
DCA (10A range	COM only)	А	0.01A	10.00A			

# c. Measuring DC Amps (cont.)

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- Plug red test lead into mAµA or A input jack depending on value of current to be measured.
- 4. Set the rotary switch on the 135 to the desired range in the **DCA** function depending on the current to be measured and the input jack the red test lead is inserted into.
- 5. Connect test leads in series to circuit to be measured.

6. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.

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7. Read the current on the 135.

# Application Notes

When measuring the DC current of a flame controller, follow the steps under "Measurement Procedure" above and then proceed with the following:

- Set up the meter for making a µA measurement.
- Connect the meter to the flame controller lead by opening the circuit and inserting the leads in series with the circuit as shown in the picture above.

#### d. Measuring AC Amps

#### **CAUTION!**

Do not attempt to make a current measurement with the test leads connected in parallel with the circuit to be tested. Test leads must be connected in series with the circuit.

#### A WARNING!

Do not attempt to make a current measurement of circuits with more than 600V present. Instrument damage and/or personal injury may result.

Instrument set-up:				
FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM READING
ACA	COM	mAμA	0.1µA	1.999A
(up to 2A rang	e)			
ACA	СОМ	А	0.01A	10.00A
(10A range only)				

#### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- 3. Plug red test lead into **mAµA** or **A** input jack depending on value of current to be measured.
- 4. Set the rotary switch on the 135 to the desired range in the **ACA** function depending on the current to be measured and the input jack the red test lead is inserted into.
- 5. Connect the test leads in series to the circuit to be measured.
- 6. Reconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 7. Read the current on the 135.

# Application Notes When measuring resistance of a motor, make sure the power is disconnected prior to testing. Set up the meter following steps under "Measurement Procedure" on page 17, and

then proceed with the following:

- Connect the red test lead to one power input line of the motor and the black test lead to the other power input line of the motor. In most applications if the reading is OFL, the motor winding is open.
- Connect the red test lead to the frame of the motor and the black test lead to the winding. In most applications if a reading of 0 Ohms is displayed, the winding is shorted to the motor frame (ground).

#### e. Measuring Resistance

#### \Lambda <u>WARNING!</u>

Do not attempt to make resistance measurements with circuit energized. For best results, remove the resistor completely from the circuit before attempting to measure it.

#### <u>NOTE:</u>

To make accurate low ohm measurements, short the ends of test leads together and record resistance reading. Deduct this value from actual readings.

Instrument set-up:				
FUNCTION	BLACK Test lead	RED Test lead	MINIMUM Reading	MAXIMUM Reading
ОНМ	СОМ	VΩ➔	0.1Ω	19.99MΩ

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- 3. Plug red test lead into the  $\mathbf{V}\Omega \rightarrow \mathbf{V}$  input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch on the 135 to the desired range in the **OHM** function depending on the voltage to be measured.
- 5. Connect test leads to circuit to be measured.
- 6. Read the resistance value on the 135.

#### f. Measuring Diodes

#### <u>CAUTION!</u>

Do not attempt to make diode measurements with circuit energized. The only way to accurately test a diode is to remove it completely from the circuit before attempting to measure it.

#### Instrument set-up:

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FUNCTION	BLACK	RED	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	
	TEST LEAD	TEST LEAD	READING	READING	
0HM( <b>-</b> ▶)	СОМ	VΩ→	0.001V	2.000V	

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

- 1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- 3. Plug the red test lead into the  $\mathbf{V}_{\Omega} \rightarrow \mathbf{V}$  input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch on the 135 to the ➡ position.
- Connect the black test lead to the banded end of the diode and the red test lead to the non-banded end of the diode.
- 6. Reading on the display should be between 0.3 and 0.8 volts.
- 7. Reverse test lead connections in 5 above.
- 8. Reading on the display should be OFL (Overload).

NOTE: If diode reads 0 in both directions, diode is shorted. If diode reads OFL in both directions, diode is open.

#### g. Measuring Capacitance

#### WARNING!

All capacitance measurements are to be made on de-energized circuits with all capacitors discharged only. Failure to de-energize and discharge capacitors before attempting to measure them could result in instrument damage and/or personal injury.

Instrument set-up:				
FUNCTION	BLACK TEST LEAD	RED TEST LEAD	MINIMUM READING	MAXIMUM Reading
-16	COM	VΩl	0.01µF	20000µF

#### Measurement Procedure:

- 1. Disconnect power to circuit to be measured.
- 2. Remove capacitor from the circuit and discharge it.
- 3. Plug black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- 4. Plug the red test lead into the  $V\Omega^{+1}$  input jack.
- 5. Set the rotary switch to the **I** function.
- 6. Connect test leads to capacitor to be measured.
- 7. Read the capacitor value on the LCD.

#### h. Continuity Buzzer

#### \land <u>WARNING!</u>

Do not attempt to make continuity measurements with circuit energized.

Instrument set-up:				
FUNCTION	BLACK	RED		
	TEST LEAD	TEST LEAD		
OHM( 🌒 )	COM	VΩ →		

#### **Measurement Procedure:**

- 1. Disconnect power to the circuit to be measured.
- 2. Plug the black test lead into the **COM** input jack.
- 3. Plug the red test lead into the  $V \rightarrow$  input jack.
- 4. Set the rotary switch on the 135 to the **(1)** position.
- 5. Connect the test leads to the circuit to be measured.
- 6. Listen for the buzzer to confirm continuity.

# i. Data Hold

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Press the **DATA-H** button at any time on any function or range to freeze the reading on the LCD display. This function is very useful when measuring in locations where the display is difficult to read.

#### E. ACCESSORIES\*

Standard Accessories	Part No.	
9V Battery	A009	
Fuse, 2 Amp	A102	
Fuse, 10 Amp	A110	
Test Lead Set	A050	
Rubber Boot (135 only)	A101	

<b>Optional Accessories</b>	Part No.
Deluxe Test Lead Set	SDK1C
IEC 1010 Deluxe Test Lead Kit	TLS2000B
Temperature Adapter	A301
Boot Hook	A103
Soft Carrying Case	A100
Screw-on Alligator Clips	A150
CO Attachment	A701
CO Attachment w/Alarm	A702
CO Attachment w/zero adjust	A711

#### F. MAINTENANCE

- 1. **Battery Replacement:** The 135 will display BAT when the internal 9 Volt battery needs replacement. The battery is replaced as follows:
  - a. Disconnect and remove all test leads from live circuits and from the 135.
  - b. Remove the 135 from its protective boot.
  - c. Remove the three screws from back of 135 housing.
  - d. Carefully pull apart front and rear instrument housing.
  - e. Remove old battery and replace it with new battery.
  - f. Reassemble instrument in reverse order from above.
- Fuse Replacement: Both of the 135 "A" and "mAµA input jacks are fuse protected. Use only Fast Blow, 600 Volt fuses with correct current ratings. Failure to do so will void all warranties. If either do not function, replace the fuse as follows:
  - a. Disconnect and remove all test leads from live circuits and from the 135.
  - b. Remove the 135 from its protective boot.
  - Remove the three screws from the back of the 135 housing.
  - d. Carefully pull apart the front and rear instrument housing.
  - e. Remove the old fuse(s) and replace it with new one(s).
  - f. Reassemble the instrument in reverse order from above.
- 3. **Cleaning your 135** Use a mild detergent and slightly damp cloth to clean the surfaces of the 135.

#### G. TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

#### <u>Problem</u>

#### Does not power up

- Dead or defective battery
- Broken wire from battery snap to PCB

#### Won't display current readings

- Open fuse
- Open test lead

**Probable Causes** 

 Improperly connected to circuit under test

#### All functions except ohms read high

• Very weak battery that will not turn on the low battery indicator on the LCD

#### ACV do not read

 Very weak battery that will not turn on the low battery indicator on the LCD

#### WARRANTY

Please refer to product warranty card for warranty statement.

#### Test Products International, Inc.

9615 SW Allen Blvd., Ste. 104 Beaverton, OR USA 97005 503-520-9197 • Fax: 503-520-1225 tpiusa@msn.com

#### Test Products International, Ltd.

342 Bronte Road South, Unit 9 Milton, Ontario L9T5B7 Canada 905-693-8558 • Fax: 905-693-0888

DCV         400mV         0.1mV           4V         0.001V           40V         0.1V           400V         0.1V           400V         0.1V           400V         0.1V           400V         0.1W           400V         0.1W           400V         0.1mV           4V         0.001V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           400A         0.1µA           400µA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           10A         0.01A           ACA         40µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.01mA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           40µA         0.1µA <t< th=""><th>Function</th><th><u>Range</u></th><th><b>Resolution</b></th></t<>	Function	<u>Range</u>	<b>Resolution</b>
4V         0.001V           40V         0.1V           400V         0.1V           1000V         1V           ACV         400mV         0.1mV           40V         0.01V           400V         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400mA         0.1mA           10A         0.01mA           400µA         0.01mA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1mA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           40µA         0.1µA           40µA         0.1µA           40µA <td< td=""><td>DCV</td><td>400mV</td><td>0.1mV</td></td<>	DCV	400mV	0.1mV
40V         0.1V           40V         0.1V           1000V         1V           ACV         400mV         0.1mV           4V         0.001V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.01V           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           400µA         0.01mA           400µA         0.1mA           2A         0.001mA           400µA         0.1mA           400µA         0.1mA           400µA         0.1mA           400µA         0.01µF           20.001kΩ         0.01kΩ <t< td=""><td></td><td>4V</td><td>0.001V</td></t<>		4V	0.001V
400V         0.1V           1000V         1V           ACV         400mV         0.1mV           4V         0.001V           40V         0.1V           40V         0.01V           40V         0.1V           750V         1V           DCA         40µA         0.1µA           40mA         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           400µA         0.01mA           400µA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA           40mQ         0.01MΩ           40mQ         0.01MΩ           40mQ         0.01μF		40V	0.1V
1000V         1V           ACV         400mV         0.1mV           4V         0.001V           40V         0.1V           40V         0.1V           750V         1V           DCA         40µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.01mA           400µA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001kΩ           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mQ         0.101KΩ           40MΩ         0.001MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF <td></td> <td>400V</td> <td>0.1V</td>		400V	0.1V
ACV         400mV         0.1mV           4V         0.001V           40V         0.1V           400V         0.1V           400V         0.1V           750V         1V           DCA         40µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.001mA           40mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01MΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           20,000μF         1μF           20,000μF         1μF           20,000μF         1		1000V	1V
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ACV	400mV	0.1mV
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		4V	0.001V
400V         0.1V           750V         1V           DCA         40µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           10A         0.01mA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.01mA           400µA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           40kΩ         0.01hΩ           40kΩ         0.01hΩ           40kΩ         0.01hΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000µF         1µF           2.5V         Approx.1mA <td></td> <td>40V</td> <td>0.01V</td>		40V	0.01V
750V         1V           DCA         40μA         0.1μA           400μA         0.001mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           10A         0.01mA           400μA         0.1mA           10A         0.01mA           400μA         0.1μA           400μA         0.1mA           400μA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           40kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01mA           40kΩ         0.01mA           40mA         0.01mA <td></td> <td>400V</td> <td>0.1V</td>		400V	0.1V
DCA         40μA         0.1μA           400μA         0.001mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           10A         0.01A   ACA           40µA         0.1µA           40µA         0.1µA           40µA         0.01mA           40µA         0.01µC           0HM         400Ω         0.01kΩ           40µΩ         0.01µF           20,000µF         1µF           20,000µF         1µF           20,000µF         1µF           2.5V         Approx.1mA           2.5V         <100Ω		750V	1V
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	DCA	40µA	0.1µA
40mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           10A         0.01A           ACA         40µA         0.1µA           400mA         0.01mA           400µA         0.001mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01MΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           5V         Approx.1mA           2.5V         Approx.1mA           2.5V         <100Ω		400µA	0.001mA
400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.1mA           10A         0.01A           ACA         40µA         0.1µA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000µF         1µF           20,000µF         1µF           20,000µF         1µF           2.5V         Approx.1mA           Continuity         10st voltage           2.5V         <100Ω		40mA	0.01mA
2A         0.1mA           10A         0.01A           ACA         40µA         0.1µA           400µA         0.001mA           40mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.01mA           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000µF         1µF           20,000µF         1µF           20,000µF         1µF           20,000µF         1µF           2.5V         Approx.1mA           Continuity         Test Voltage           2.5V         <100Ω		400mA	0.1mA
10A         0.01A           ACA         40μA         0.1μA           400μA         0.001mA           40mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           40MΩ         0.001MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           20,000μF         1μF           20,000μF         1μF           25V         Approx.1mA           Continuity         Test Voltage           2.5V         <100Ω		2A	0.1mA
ACA         40μA         0.1μA           400μA         0.001mA           40mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001A           10A         0.01A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.01kΩ           400kΩ         0.01MΩ           400μΣ         0.01μΣ           400μF         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           Diode         Test Voltage         Max. Test Current           2.5V         Approx. 1mA           Continuity         Test Voltage         Threshold           2.5V         <100Ω		10A	0.01A
400μA         0.001mA           400mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.1kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           20,000μF         1μF           Diode         2.5V           Approx.1mA           Continuity         Test Voltage           2.5V         <100Ω	ACA	40uA	0.1µA
40mA         0.01mA           400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001A           10A         0.01A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.1kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.001MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           20,000μF         1μF           25V         Approx.1mA           Test Voltage           2.5V         <100Ω		400uA	0.001mA
400mA         0.1mA           2A         0.001A           10A         0.01A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           Diode         Test Voltage         Max. Test Current           2.5V         Approx. 1mA           Test Voltage         Threshold           2.5V         <100Ω		40mA	0.01mA
2A         0.001A           10A         0.01A           0HM         400Ω         0.1Ω           4kΩ         0.001kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           40kΩ         0.01kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.1kΩ           400kΩ         0.01kΩ           400μΩ         0.01MΩ           40MΩ         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           Diode         15V           2.5V         Approx.1mA           Test Voltage         Threshold           2.5V         <100Ω		400mA	0.1mA
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c } \hline 10A & 0.01A \\ \hline 0HM & 400\Omega & 0.1\Omega \\ & 4k\Omega & 0.001k\Omega \\ & 40k\Omega & 0.01k\Omega \\ & 400k\Omega & 0.1k\Omega \\ & 400k\Omega & 0.01M\Omega \\ & 400\Omega & 0.01M\Omega \\ \hline 0HM & 0.001M\Omega \\ \hline 0HM & 0HM \\ \hline 0HM \\ \hline 0HM & 0HM \\ \hline 0HM & 0HM \\ \hline 0HM & 0$		2A	0.001A
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		10A	0.01A
$\begin{array}{c} 4k\Omega & 0.001k\Omega \\ 40k\Omega & 0.01k\Omega \\ 400k\Omega & 0.1k\Omega \\ 400k\Omega & 0.01M\Omega \\ 400M\Omega & 0.01M\Omega \\ \hline \\ 40M\Omega & 0.01M\Omega \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ CAP & 400\muF & 0.01\muF \\ 20,000\muF & 1\muF \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ CAP & \frac{1}{20,000\muF} & \frac{1}{1}\muF \\ \hline \\ $	онм	400Ω	0.1Ω
$\begin{array}{c c} & 40 k\Omega & 0.01 k\Omega \\ & 400 k\Omega & 0.1 k\Omega \\ & 400 k\Omega & 0.001 M\Omega \\ & 40M\Omega & 0.01 M\Omega \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} CAP & 400 \mu F & 0.01 \mu F \\ & 20,000 \mu F & 1 \mu F \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} \hline Test \ Voltage & Max. \ Test \ Current \\ & 2.5 V & Approx. \ 1mA \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} \hline Test \ Voltage & Threshold \\ & 2.5 V & <100 \Omega \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} \hline Test \ Voltage & Threshold \\ & 2.5 V & <100 \Omega \end{array}$	-	4kΩ	0.001kΩ
$\begin{array}{c c} & 400 k\Omega & 0.1 k\Omega \\ & 4M\Omega & 0.001 M\Omega \\ & 40M\Omega & 0.01 M\Omega \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} CAP & 400 \mu F & 0.01 \mu F \\ & 20,000 \mu F & 1 \mu F \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} \hline Test \ Voltage \\ 2.5 V & Approx. 1mA \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} \hline Test \ Voltage \\ 2.5 V & Approx. 1mA \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c c} \hline Test \ Voltage \\ 2.5 V & <100\Omega \end{array}$		40kΩ	0.01kΩ
$\begin{array}{c c} & 4M\Omega & 0.001M\Omega \\ & 40M\Omega & 0.01M\Omega \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ CAP & 400\mu F & 0.01\mu F \\ & 20,000\mu F & 1\mu F \\ \hline \\$		400kΩ	0.1kΩ
40MΩ         0.01MΩ           CAP         400μF         0.01μF           20,000μF         1μF           Diode         Test Voltage         Max. Test Current           2.5V         Approx. 1mA           Test Voltage         Threshold           2.5V         <100Ω		4MΩ	0.001MΩ
CAP     400μF     0.01μF       20,000μF     1μF       Diode     Test Voltage     Max. Test Current       2.5V     Approx. 1mA       Continuity     Test Voltage     Threshold       2.5V         Test Voltage     Threshold       2.5V		40MΩ	0.01MΩ
Image: Test Voltage 20,000μF     Max. Test Current Approx. 1mA       Diode     Test Voltage 2.5V     Approx. 1mA       Test Voltage 2.5V     Threshold        Continuity     Test Voltage 2.5V       Test Products International, Inc.	CAP	400uF	0.01µF
Test Voltage 2.5V     Max. Test Current Approx. 1mA       Diode     Test Voltage 2.5V     Threshold <100Ω       Test Products International, Inc.       L135M • convriati © 2002 Test Products International Inc		20,000µF	1μF
Diode     2.5V     Approx. 1mA       Test Voltage 2.5V     Threshold <100Ω       Test Products International, Inc.       1135M • convribit © 2002 Test Products International Inc		Test Voltage	Max. Test Current
Test Voltage         Threshold           2.5V         <100Ω	Diode	2.5V	Approx. 1mA
Continuity         2.5V         <100Ω           Test Products International, Inc.         1135M • convridt © 2002 Test Products International Inc.		Test Voltage	Threshold
Test Products International, Inc.	Continuity	2.5V	<100Ω
1135M • convright © 2002 Test Products International Inc	Test	Products I	nternational. Inc.
	135		2 Test Products International Inc

135 Specifications (also see pages 8-9.)